

1. Identification

Product identifier Gunk HydroSeal II Heavy Duty Parts Cleaner

Other means of identification

SDS number HS3
Part No. HS3, HS3K, HS5LB, HS5K
Tariff code 3814.00.5090

Recommended use Parts Cleaner
Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name RSC Chemical Solutions
Address 600 Radiator Road
 Indian Trail, NC 28079
 United States
Telephone Customer Service: (704) 821-7643
 Technical: (704) 684-1811
Website www.rscbrands.com
E-mail sds@rscbrands.com
Emergency phone number Emergency Telephone: (303) 623-5716
 Emergency Contact: RMPDC (877-740-5015)

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 4
Health hazards Acute toxicity, oral Category 4
 Acute toxicity, dermal Category 4
 Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 4
 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
 Reproductive toxicity Category 1B
 Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects
 Aspiration hazard Category 1
Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard Category 2
OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger
Hazard statement Combustible liquid. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statement
Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from flames and hot surfaces-No smoking. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response	If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.
Storage	Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Combustible.
Supplemental information	40.58% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 63.29, 109.95% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 31.65% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
2-Butoxyethanol		111-76-2	20 - < 30
Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Light		64742-47-8	20 - < 30
Petroleum naphtha		64742-94-5	10 - < 20
1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone		872-50-4	1 - < 3
Tert-butylbenzene		98-06-6	1 - < 3
Triéthanolamine		102-71-6	1 - < 3
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene		526-73-8	< 1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		95-63-6	< 1
1,4-diethylbenzene		105-05-5	< 1
DIETHANOLAMINE		111-42-2	< 1
NAPHTHALENE		91-20-3	< 1
Diethylbenzene		25340-17-4	< 0.3
Benzene, 1,3-diethyl-		141-93-5	< 0.2
Other components below reportable levels			20 - < 30

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemical powder. Dry chemicals. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	The product is combustible, and heating may generate vapors which may form explosive vapor/air mixtures. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove container, if no risk is involved.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Combustible. Combustible liquid.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Prevent product from entering drains. Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store locked up. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	PEL	240 mg/m ³ 50 ppm

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Light (CAS 64742-47-8)	PEL	400 mg/m3
NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)	PEL	100 ppm 50 mg/m3
Petroleum naphtha (CAS 64742-94-5)	PEL	10 ppm 400 mg/m3
		100 ppm

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene (CAS 526-73-8)	TWA	25 ppm	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)	TWA	25 ppm	
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA	20 ppm	
DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction and vapor.
NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)	TWA	10 ppm	
Petroleum naphtha (CAS 64742-94-5)	TWA	200 mg/m3	Non-aerosol.
Triéthanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)	TWA	5 mg/m3	

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene (CAS 526-73-8)	TWA	125 mg/m3
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)	TWA	25 ppm 125 mg/m3
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA	25 ppm 24 mg/m3
DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)	TWA	5 ppm 15 mg/m3
NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)	STEL	3 ppm 75 mg/m3
	TWA	15 ppm 50 mg/m3 10 ppm

US. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides

Components	Type	Value
1,4-diethylbenzene (CAS 105-05-5)	TWA	5 ppm
1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)	TWA	40 mg/m3
Benzene, 1,3-diethyl- (CAS 141-93-5)	TWA	10 ppm 5 ppm
Diethylbenzene (CAS 25340-17-4)	TWA	5 ppm

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)	100 mg/l	5-Hydroxy-N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	Urine	*
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	200 mg/g	Butoxyacetic acid (BAA), with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	Skin designation applies.
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US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
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US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Petroleum naphtha (CAS 64742-94-5)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
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US WEEL Guides: Skin designation

1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
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US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
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Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Not available.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece. Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece if threshold limits are exceeded.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Clear.
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Color	Pale yellow
Odor	Aromatic.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	-102.64 °F (-74.8 °C) estimated

Initial boiling point and boiling range	335.12 °F (168.4 °C) estimated
Flash point	160.0 °F (71.1 °C) estimated
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	0.7 % estimated
Flammability limit - upper (%)	5 % estimated
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	0.45 hPa estimated
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	460.4 °F (238 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Density	7.65 lbs/gal estimated
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Flammability class	Combustible IIIA estimated
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.
Percent volatile	41 % estimated
Specific gravity	0.92 estimated

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.
Skin contact	Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. 2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause liver and kidney damage. These effects have not been observed in humans.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed. Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful if inhaled. Harmful in contact with skin.

Components

Species

Test Results

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Acute

Dermal

LD50

Rabbit

> 3160 mg/kg

1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)

Acute

Oral

LD50

Rat

3914 mg/kg

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)

Acute

Oral

LD50

Rat

560 mg/kg

DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)

Acute

Oral

LD50

Rat

710 mg/kg

NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)

Acute

Dermal

LD50

Rabbit

> 2 g/kg

Oral

LD50

Rat

490 mg/kg

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization

Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization

This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity

Risk of cancer cannot be excluded with prolonged exposure.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Triéthanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)

Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic effects

May be harmful if absorbed through skin. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans.

Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause liver and kidney damage. These effects have not been observed in humans.

12. Ecological information**Ecotoxicity**

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components	Species	Test Results
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)		
Aquatic		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (<i>Pimephales promelas</i>) 7.19 - 8.28 mg/l, 96 hours
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)		
Aquatic		
Fish	LC50	Inland silverside (<i>Menidia beryllina</i>) 1250 mg/l, 96 hours
Benzene, 1,3-diethyl- (CAS 141-93-5)		
Aquatic		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (<i>Pimephales promelas</i>) 4.05 - 4.25 mg/l, 96 hours
DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)		
Aquatic		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (<i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>) 61.8 - 86.04 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (<i>Pimephales promelas</i>) 100 mg/l, 96 hours
Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Light (CAS 64742-47-8)		
Aquatic		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (<i>Daphnia pulex</i>) 2.7 - 5.1 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>) 2.9 mg/l, 96 hours
NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)		
Aquatic		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (<i>Daphnia magna</i>) 1.09 - 3.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Pink salmon (<i>Oncorhynchus gorbuscha</i>) 1.11 - 1.68 mg/l, 96 hours
Petroleum naphtha (CAS 64742-94-5)		
Aquatic		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (<i>Daphnia pulex</i>) 2.7 - 5.1 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>) 8.8 mg/l, 96 hours
		8.8 mg/l, 96 hours
Triéthanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)		
Aquatic		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (<i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>) 565.2 - 658.3 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (<i>Pimephales promelas</i>) 10610 - 13010 mg/l, 96 hours

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability**Bioaccumulative potential****Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)**

1,4-diethylbenzene	4.45
1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	-0.54
2-Butoxyethanol	0.83
Benzene, 1,3-diethyl-	4.44

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)	
DIETHANOLAMINE	-1.43
NAPHTHALENE	3.3
Tert-butylbenzene	4.11
Triéthanolamine	-1

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number	Not available.
UN proper shipping name	Consumer Commodity, MARINE POLLUTANT (Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Light)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	ORM-D
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	III
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Yes
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	8, 146, 335, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29
Packaging exceptions	155
Packaging non bulk	203
Packaging bulk	241

IATA

UN number	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	Environmentally Hazardous Substance, N.O.S.
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	9
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	III
Environmental hazards	Yes
ERG Code	9L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed with restrictions.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed with restrictions.

IMDG

UN number	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	Environmentally Hazardous Substance, Liquid, N.O.S., MARINE POLLUTANT (Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Light)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	9
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	III

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant Yes

EmS F-A, S-F

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Light

Transport in bulk according to Not established.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

IATA; IMDG



Marine pollutant



General information

IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) Listed.

DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2) Listed.

NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories

Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes

Fire Hazard - Yes

Pressure Hazard - No

Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	< 1

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	872-50-4	1 - < 3
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	20 - < 30
DIETHANOLAMINE	111-42-2	< 1
NAPHTHALENE	91-20-3	< 1

Other federal regulations**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List**

DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)
 NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

US state regulations

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2) Listed: June 22, 2012
 NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3) Listed: April 19, 2002

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4) Listed: June 15, 2001

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)
 1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)
 2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)
 DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)
 NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)
 Tert-butylbenzene (CAS 98-06-6)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Yes
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	07-13-2016
Revision date	05-16-2017
Version #	03
HMIS® ratings	Health: 3* Flammability: 2 Physical hazard: 0
NFPA ratings	Health: 2 Flammability: 2 Instability: 0

NFPA ratings**Disclaimer**

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Revision information

This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.